

LOK SATTA
People Power

Voter Registration

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"At the bottom of all the tributes paid to democracy is the little man, walking into the little booth, with a little pencil, making a little cross on a little bit of paper....."

- Churchill

Macro Perspective of Indian Polity

- Disaggregate volatility
- Broadly reflective of public opinion
- Ruling parties and powerful candidates do lose
- Rejection/Negative vote pretty common

Micro Perspective of Indian Polity

- Money power dominant
- Criminalization rampant
- Voting irregularities frequent
- People take money to vote
- Caste and divisive impulses are prominent

How is Democracy Surviving?

- A system of compensatory errors (competing distortions neutralize each other)
- Strength of Election Commission
- Tradition of neutrality of officials
- Pre-Polling process scrupulously fair (nominations, ballot papers, appointment of polling officials, etc.)
- Post-polling process completely non-partisan (transport, storage and counting of ballots, and declaration of results)

What is Wrong With Elections?

- Flawed electoral rolls
- Polling irregularities
- Unaccounted and illegitimate use of money power
- Rampant criminalization
- Autocratic political parties

Defective Electoral Rolls

1999 Sample Surveys: 15% errors in villages

40% errors in towns.

2004 Sample Surveys: 5.25% errors in villages

12.15% errors in towns.

	Verification of Voters' Lists in Andhra Pradesh												
	Survey of Polling Stations in AP 1999												
Details	Details of electoral			Deletions Required Additions Required					Total Errors				
rolls	s verifi	ed	(E	rrors	of Commission) (Errors of Omission)				TOtali	TOTAL ETTOIS			
District	No. of Polling Stations	No. of Voters	Moved out of the area	Death	Other	Total	% of vote	Attained 18 years of age	Moved into the area	Total	% of voters	Total number	% of voters registered
Rural	29	22297	1634	488	184	2306	10.34	447	592	1039	4.7	3345	15.1
Urban	27	18102	4218	273	211	4702	26.00	653	2761	3414	18.9	8116	44.8
Rural+ Urban	56	40399	5852	761	395	7008	17.30	1100	3353	4453	11.0	11461	28.4

Election Watch – 2004 – Pre-Poll Survey

Location	No. of Constitu	No. of Polling				Total No. of & Dele	
	encies	Stations	Total No. of Voters	Additions required	Deletions required	No.	As % of total Voters
RURAL	37	71	70848	1634 (2.3)	2086 (2.94)	3720	5.25
URBAN	22	41	41042	2205 (5.37)	2782 (6.77)	4987	12.15
TOTAL:	59	112	1,11,890	3839 (3.43)	4868(4.35)	8707	7.78

Simple Solution

- Post office as Nodal Agency for registration
 - Voters list on display
 - Sale of electoral rolls
 - Statutory forms supply and sale
 - Verification of applications
 - Registration / deletion / correction
 - Provision for appeal

Verification of Electoral Rolls How to Access Voters' Lists?

- Electoral rolls are available to all citizens
 - MROs offices
 - Municipal offices in twin cities
- They can be purchased for a price
 - 0 95ps / page
 - 1.35ps / a sheet of 2 pages
- Head of account
 - Districts : 0070 02 101
 - Hyderabad: 0033 03 101

How to Add or Delete Names

Simple applications:

Form 6 : Addition

Form 7 : Objection to a name & deletion

Form 8B : Deletion

Form 8 : Corrections

Form 8A: Change of polling booth

- Form 6 Voter should apply
- Form 7 & 8B Any other voter can apply

Additions / Deletions / Changes

- Application in duplicate to MRO
 (Municipal Officials in Hyderabad)
- Receipt given to applicant No fee
- Application published by MRO.
 (on Notice Board)
- 7 days notice for objections, if any
- Summary enquiry & decision
- Decision communicated to applicant

Recent Developments – Post Office as Nodal Agency

- Post office
 - Display of electoral rolls
 - Receiving of applications
 - Ascertaining residential address
- Modalities
 - Designated officer in all delivery offices
 - Forms supplied
 - Forms received only from the citizen or family member
 - No bulk applications
 - Checking report by Post Office (address)

What More Needs to be Done

- Permanent mechanism at Post Offices
 - Display and Sale of Electoral Rolls
 - Voter registration on application at Post Offices
 - Assist EC in revision of electoral rolls on permanent basis
 - Access, transparency and appeal to check abuses
 - Mass communication campaign for public education

Revenue Possibilities

- Sale of voters list for each polling station
- Sale of slips containing serial number, name, address, and other details of voters
 - standard price: Re 1 for every slip
 - commission for postal employees: 0.50 ps for every slip.
 - Expected benefit for postal department: Rs 50-100 crores per annum
- Sale of forms pertaining to:
 - Inclusion, deletion, correction of particulars, etc., (forms 6, 7, 8, 8A and 8B)
 - Price of forms: Re.1 for 2 copies
 - The bulk printing cost will not exceed 10ps

Revenue Possibilities

- Post office can act as the authority for:
 - Addition, deletion, or correction of names
 - Fee: Rs. 2 per case
- Assist political parties in distribution of voter slips –
 for a fee / advertising possibilities
- Revision of electoral rolls Post office can collect
 Re 1 for every name verified

What Needs to be Done

- Amendment of electoral registration rules
- Launch a programme in all delivery Post Offices with EC's approval
- Launch massive campaign on television to educate voters.

Benefits of Post Office as Nodal Agency

- Access and transparency in voter registration
- While revision of rolls continues as now, the burden of ensuring accuracy shifts to the community
- Abuses can be checked by access, transparency, and appeal
- Postal department can earn decent revenues
- Public satisfaction and credibility of electoral process will improve significantly

Other Polling Irregularities

- Bogus voting rampant
- Personation of voters is the commonest method.
- EVMs cannot prevent false voting
- Voter identity card is a vast improvement, but not a safeguard against collusion or coercion.
- In certain pockets, non-Indians registered as voters

Post Poll Survey – Andhra Pradesh – 1999

1999 Assembly	y and Parliamentary	y Polls, H	yderabad, AP
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Assembly		No.of	No.who	No. not vote	Percentage			
Constituency Polling Booth	/ No.of voters	votes	reported that they actually	Residing in the area but	Left the area	Left the city/	Total	of doubtful and 'not voted'
No.,		polled	'voted'	not voted	within the city	country etc		votes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
207/173	1143	625	483	5	91	46	142	22.7
207/176	956	459	377	15	41	26	82	17.9
209/93	725	428	306	20	95	7	122	28.5
209/75	989	495	380	42	72	1	115	23.2
210/426	893	476	399	22	49	6	77	16.2
Total	4706	2483	1945	104	348	86	538	21.7

Election Watch 2004 – Post-Poll Survey

	No of	No of malling	V 7.4.2.2	Bogus Votes		
Location	No. of Constituencies	No. of polling Stations	Votes Polled	No.	As % of votes polled	
RURAL	16	29	18069	169	0.9	
URBAN	9	16	8894	168	1.9	
TOTAL:	25	45	26963	337	1.2	

West Bengal – 2001

Total number of voter complaints	519	%
No name specified	72	13.87
No part number	137	26.4
Complaints type		
a) Vote already cast	197	37.96
b) Long queue of voters / very slow vote	12	2.31
c) Bombs thrown / fight broke out	32	6.17
d) Others	278	53.56
Total	519	100

What Can be Done

- 100% voter identity cards
- Amend rules to ensure mandatory repoll if tendered votes exceed 1% of votes polled. (Tendered vote is proof of false voting)
- Wide publicity to tendered vote
- Citizen ID cards wherever illegal immigrants are in large numbers

"Politics encircles us today like the coil of a snake from which one cannot get out, no matter how much one tries"

- Mahatma Gandhi